



Group 451M

Claudio Trillo, Augusto Munoz, Samuel Gardner, Elijah Schott, Nicholas Weber, Bilal Nagi, & Benjamin DeMars

POWERING THE NEW ENGINEER TO TRANSFORM THE FUTURE



Brief Overview

- Introduction
 - Hedgehog Concept
 - Who we are and what we did
- Design Overview
 - Full View & CAD Model
 - Key features of the model
- Testing Outcomes
- Modified changes

- Cost Summary
- Future of ShakeGenius



Our Principals (Hedgehog Concept)

"Shaking your expectations beyond the norms of standard laboratory equipment."

Economic Probability:

Maintaining a low cost, whilst using high-quality materials and production expectations.

What We're Passionate About:

Creating ease-of-use models for any operator.

What We're Best At:

The use of feasible and operable parts to meet our consumers' everyday needs.





POWERING THE NEW ENGINEER TO TRANSFORM THE FUTURE

DEPARTMENT OR UNIT NAME. DELETE FROM MASTER SLIDE IF N/A

Design Overview

Design Overview

ShakeGenius is a cuttingedge shaker table meant to cater to every need. Featuring:

- A Core XY movement system
- Unique Waterproof
 enclosure
- User friendly interface for ease of operation



Our Design







Our Design





POWERING THE NEW ENGINEER TO TRANSFORM THE FUTURE

DEPARTMENT OR UNIT NAME. DELETE FROM MASTER SLIDE IF N/A

Operational Features



The Core X-Y System

A standard movement technique for 3D printing

Details

- The heavy motors are not being moved, causing less vibration
- Code uses limit switches at -y and +x boundaries to center itself before running
- Code separates unit circle into segments of equal radians
- Unit circle is scaled by user's specified orbital diameter
- Time of travel for each segment is calculated using user's specified orbital RPM





Core X-Y System Encoder system

- Encoders used to find carriage's current position
- Encoder reads a 1000 clicks per rotation, gives carriage positioning accuracy within $\pm 0.047 \text{ mm} \pm 0.047 \text{ mm}$





Motors

Nanotec Brushless DC Motors DB42S01

Details

- 48V rated voltage, 31W rated power, 0.88A rated current
- 21.2 oz-in peak torque (7.1 in-oz rated torque)
- 6000 rpm





Motors

Pros & Cons of Selected Motors

Pros

- Lightweight (0.5 lbs)
- Compact (1.7 x 1.7 x 1.6 in)
- NEMA 17 Compatible
- Temp. Resistant (130C Insulation)
- Compatible encoders sold bundled from Nanotec

Cons

- Needed an entirely new control system
- New code (3-phase brushless vs previous stepper motors)
- New motor controllers
- New power delivery system (48V)
- No water-resistance rating was provided by the manufacturer
- Encoders needed without the easy precision of steppers

Motor Controls

Controller



Details

The motor controllers used are the ZS-X11H brushless dc motor with hall sensor controllers. They include directional control, pwm signal control, break control, and are rated for a maximum of 60V making them perfect for our 48V motors. The integrated heat sink also allows for passive cooling during long times of operation.



Power System

The entire system is powered by a standard 24 V 5 Amp power supply

- Stepped up to 48 V 5 A to power the motors via a boost converter, ensuring motors run at desired speeds and torques.
- Stepped down to 12 volts via a buck converter to power the Arduino and UI electronics.





Power System

- The boost converter used had an efficiency of 96% and stable output to DC 48V 5A 240W output.
- It also advertises built in over-current protection, over-voltage protection, over-temperature shutdown, short circuit protection, output reverse polarity protection, and is IP68 waterproof (even though UI doesn't get wet).





User Interface

An easy-to-use model with simple buttons and visible screen

Details

- Features power on/off, start, pause, stop, emergency stop, 3 potentiometers: speed, rpm, orbital pattern, and LCD screen
- Allows user to set shake time and initial speed, rpm, orbital pattern before shaking
- Speed, rpm, and orbital pattern can be freely changed while running
- User can switch between 'normal' view mode and OD/FI mode, which replaces elapsed time with OD/FI percentages

Video Sample





User Interface

Sample Screens







Controls of the System "The Brains"

- An Arduino mega controls the shaker table, which produces the necessary pwm signals for the motors.
- Checks and changes the status of the shaker by taking the button, potentiometer, and sensor data.
- Used to power all low current 5-volt electronics (tmp36 sensor, 5v relay, LCD screen, rotary encoders).



Electrical Schematic







Additional Features Cooling system & Safety

Cooling

- The cooling system is composed of five hydraulic bearing brushless 25 mm cooling fans rated for 5v.
- Fans are enabled when the temperature rises above 60 C due to buck converters' max temperature of 85C





Additional Features

Cooling system & Safety



Safety

- The UI has a rubber waterproof umbilical cord that connects with the shaker table ensuring no electronics get wet from the shaker moving.
- All components are fastened to the UI in order to reduce damage to electrical components when the UI is dropped or shaken.



POWERING THE NEW ENGINEER TO TRANSFORM THE FUTURE

DEPARTMENT OR UNIT NAME. DELETE FROM MASTER SLIDE IF N/A

What Sets the ShakeGenius Apart

Waterproofing Silicon Covering

Details

- Used self-degassing 2-part silicone as the material.
- Accordion-like geometry to seal the enclosure without sacrificing table speed/Motor torque

Troubles in Creation

- Total of 5 attempts until a successful attempt
- Reoccurring issues: air bubbles and uneven thickness
- Solved by: Decreasing fill time, additional air evac, leveling, and multistage filling.



OD/FI System

- Uses the top assembly of a 365 nm UV flashlight.
- The UV light requires 1.5V to operate, so the sensor has a buck converter inside it to drop the 5v of the Arduino to 1.5 V.
- The body of the UV light is made of aluminum which acts as a heat sink to keep the led cool under extended operation.
- The sensor interfaces with the shaker table via a USB cable that connects the NOEL mount to a USB hub in the UI box.
- The cable is composed of one 5V wire, one ground wire, and 2 data wires.
- One wire for OD and one for FI.





OD/FI System

- Both the OD and FI values are measured from a PDV-P8104 photoresistor.
 - Optical density is based on how much light is read by the OD sensor.
 - Fluorescent intensity is based on how much light is read by the FI sensor.
- Sensor housing is made of PETG for heat and water resistance.
- The OD/FI values are read, averaged, and mapped into a scale from 0 to 100.
- The housing has an easily accessible inside via a lid kept on by m3 screws and heat inserts.





In Person OD/FI system





Mechanical Design Aspects Adding Structural Rigidity

- Reduce # of 3D-printed and plastic structural parts
- Use Stainless Steel for thin parts, pins, rods
- Ensure aluminum parts are structurally sound enough for prolonged use





Mechanical Design Aspects Medical Grade Equipment

- Stainless steel vs. other steels
- 6061-T6 Aluminum Alloy
- Silicon rubber vs other rubbers



Design Changes

Ease of Manufacturing

- Many parts were modified after Milestone 1 to improve the manufacturing of certain designs
- Nominal stock sizes used